

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 1

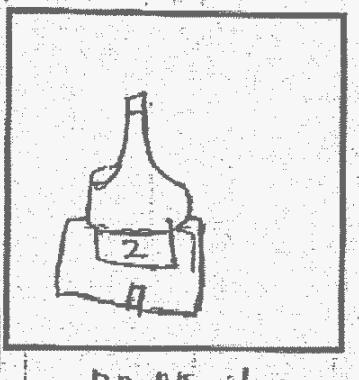
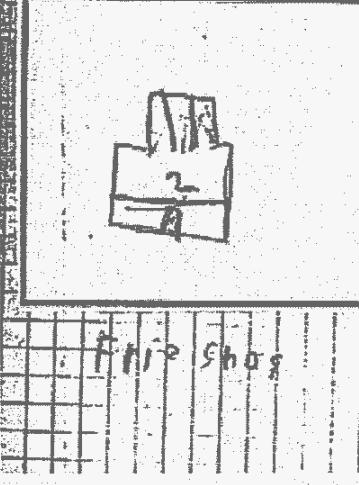
- ◆ topic and purpose are unclear
- ◆ basic, simple language
- ◆ omits required titles and headings
- ◆ shows little attention to form
- ◆ steps are often omitted or combined
- ◆ misspells simple words, and word endings are omitted or formed incorrectly
- ◆ capitals and periods are often omitted and misused
- ◆ parts are difficult to read

How to build a theme park

My Name is... Theme parks can be sim coasters or hard to build (some times). Sim coaster is a very involved game.

1. Build drink and frie shops
2. Build a roller coaster
3. Open the doors. Build a science lab.
4. Hire scientists. Research operation. Fly a hole.
5. Call gardeners and other staff
6. Drain the lake and Train engineer.
7. Open ride [wheel ones]

I taught you every thing I know



frie shop

Drank shop

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 1

- directions are vague and difficult to follow

● How to stop your hiccups.

1. drink the water

2. you hold your breath

3. count to 10
in your head slowly.

4. drink more water.

5. you hold your hands out.

6. you get peanut butter.

7. you take a spoon of the
Peanut Butter and put it in your
mouth.

8. Eat the peanut butter.
It stop your hiccups now.

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 2

- incomplete directions
- sometimes difficult to follow
- voice and creativity present

①

How to get rid of your hiccups

~~You will need:~~
Sugar and a blow horn,
A cup of peanut butter and a spoon

Step 1. Put sugar on your tongue but don't swallow it.

Step 2. Drink a cup of water.

Step 3. Get a person to put on a mask and scare you.

②

Step 4. Hang upside down.

Note if that doesn't work try this
Get a person with a blow horn to go into a closet and shout it.

Step 5. Eat a spoonful of peanut butter

③

Step 6. Take in red.

④

Step 7. Take a hot bath.

GRADE FOUR

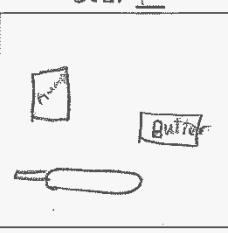
PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 2

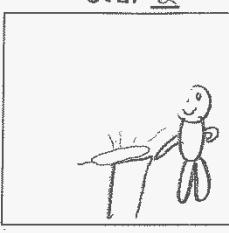
- clear, complete
- minimal, basic

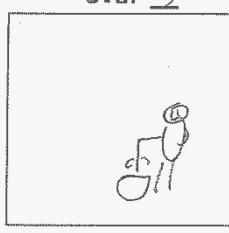
● Recipe for: Chocolate Nests

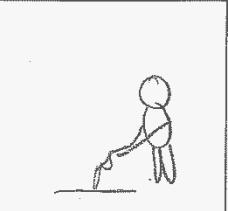


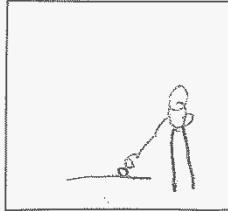
INSTRUCTIONS:
Write the step-by-step procedure that was followed in the recipe for Chocolate Nests. Illustrate each step with a detailed diagram. Include as much detail as possible in your writing so that someone else could pick up your recipe and follow it to make the same treat!

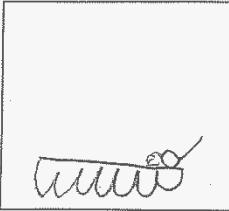
STEP 1 

STEP 2 

STEP 3 

STEP 4 

STEP 5 

STEP 6 

● We put the butter and honey to a large pan then we added chocolate. Keep stirring until it has melted

● TURN OFF the heat and add the corn flakes until they are coated in the chocolate mixture

Gently stir in the corn flakes until they are coated in the chocolate mixture.

● Spoon the mixture into the holes in the muffin tray

● Push three little chocolate eggs gently into the middle of each nest.

● chill the nests for one hour, then use a spoon to lift the nests out of the tray or

For 12 Nests you will need :

- An non-stick muffin tray with 12 holes
- 200g or 1 cup milk chocolate chips
- 100g or 1/2 cup dark chocolate chips
- 50g or 1/4 cup butter
- 2 tablespoons runny honey
- 100g (4 cups) corn flakes

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 2

- some ideas and information are clear
- basic, simple sentences
- some compound sentences
- awareness of audience
- information unrelated to topic of how to take care of cats
- not focused on topic

Sometimes people can tell if a cat is a kitten from the size of the cat. If the cat is bigger than the kitten, it is a cat.

Hi! My name is Danielle and I have one cat myself.

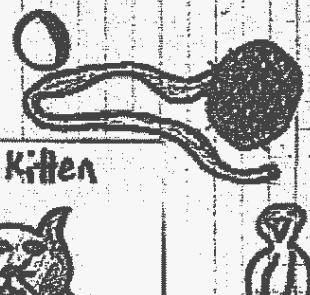
Just Born



A Kitten



Some toys that cats might need.

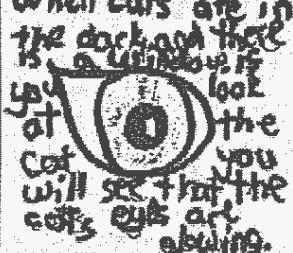


Things that you need when you have a cat:

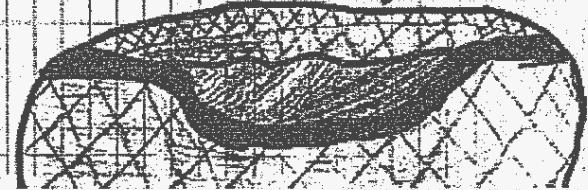
1. Needs comfort and love
2. Home
3. Toys
4. Food
5. Water
6. Water bowl
7. Food bowl
8. Fresh air
9. Collar
10. Bed

NIGHT SIGHT

When cats are in the dark and there is a bright light, you will see that the cat's eyes are glowing.



A cat's Bed



Cats

Kittens are cats but smaller and they all need the same comforts.

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 3

- clear, complete directions and explanations
- uninteresting introduction

(15)

How to stop your hiccups

You will need:
peanut butter
spoon

- ① You will need to get the spoon.
- ② Then get the jar of peanut butter.
- ③ You will need to take the lid of the peanut butter jar.
- ④ Get some peanut butter on the spoon.
- ⑤ Take the spoon and slowly put the spoon with peanut butter in your mouth.
- ⑥ Now swallow the peanut butter.
- If that doesn't work try this:

You will need:
pillow
helper
water

- ⑦ get the other person to help you onto your head on the pillow
- ⑧ now you need to drink water while you're on your head.

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 3

- detailed, complete directions
- interesting introduction and conclusion
- unique features such as glossary
- demonstrates technical knowledge of castle language
- diagrams – labeled
- beginning directions are somewhat vague and simple

~~All about Castle Life~~

My name is ... and I am very interested in castles. I have learned about castles for two years. Now I want to show you what I have learned.

How to Build a Castle

- 1 Find an empty space
- 2 Plan the castle
- 3 Build a borroughs
- 4 Upgrade to motte and bailey
- 5 Include these rooms; inner and outer walls, prison tower and ramparts
- 6 Add these for defence; moat, arrow holes and the walled court

turrets
draw bridge
castle wall
cage

turrets
draw bridge

Glossary

- 1 Turret - the turrets are for the archers to hide behind
- 2 Borroughs - small castle
- 3 Ramparts - ledges that defend the castle

hood
helmet
armor

a dungeon is useful for keeping prisoners.

Weapons

- 1 Mace - club - with spiked ball on end
- 2 Sword - long sharp metal blade fixed to handle
- 3 AXE - sharp axe head attached to short piece of wood
- 4 Bow and arrow - curved piece of wood with a string attached used to launch arrows

I hope you have enjoyed learning all about castle life.

GRADE FOUR

PROCEDURAL - LEVEL 4

- ◆ focused around a clear purpose; all task requirements are met or exceeded
- ◆ develops ideas through specific and often engaging details, reasons, and explanations
- ◆ shows a growing sense of audience and consideration for the reader
- ◆ language is varied and increasingly precise
- ◆ often tries to use appropriate technical language
- ◆ uses titles, headings, and subheadings effectively
- ◆ follows key features of the specific form
- ◆ required illustrations and diagrams are clear, complete, and well labelled
- ◆ most familiar words are spelled correctly
- ◆ pronouns and verbs are correct, although there are occasional errors in more complex sentences

